



Hertie-Institut
für klinische Hirnforschung

EBERHARD KARLS
UNIVERSITÄT
TÜBINGEN



LARIO

CACNA1E-related Developmental & Epileptic Encephalopathy (DEE): Background, mechanisms and therapeutic perspective

Robert Lauerer-Braun
Holger Lerche
Abteilung Neurologie mit Schwerpunkt Epileptologie
Hertie Institut für Klinische Hirnforschung
Universität Tübingen, D

Henning Steinhagen
Tom Otis
Lario Therapeutics LTD
Edinburgh, UK



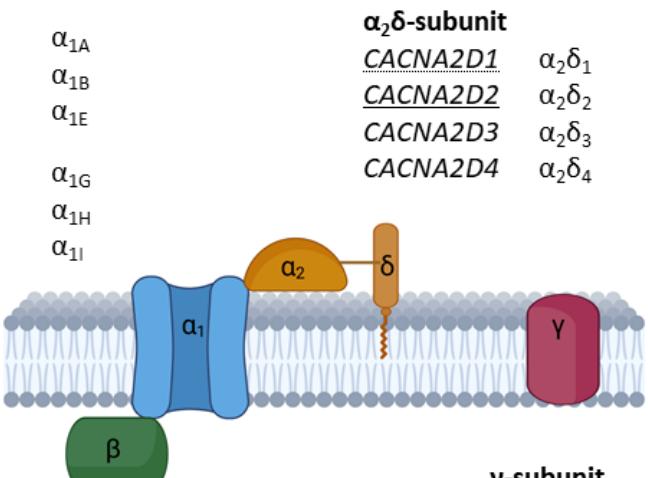
CACNA1E International
Munich
May 18, 2024

Common molecular pathways: Voltage-gated Ca^{2+} channels (VGCC) in genetic diseases

	α-subunit		
L-Type	<u><i>CACNA1S</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v1.1$	α_{1s}
	<u><i>CACNA1C</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v1.2$	α_{1c}
	<u><i>CACNA1D</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v1.3$	α_{1D}
	<u><i>CACNA1F</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v1.4$	α_{1F}
P/Q-Type	<u><i>CACNA1A</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v2.1$	α_{1A}
N-Type	<u><i>CACNA1B</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v2.2$	α_{1B}
R-Type	<u><i>CACNA1E</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v2.3$	α_{1E}
T-Type	<u><i>CACNA1G</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v3.1$	α_{1G}
	<u><i>CACNA1H</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v3.2$	α_{1H}
	<u><i>CACNA1I</i></u>	$\text{Ca}_v3.3$	α_{1I}

R-type ($\text{Ca}_v2.3$):
,Remaining current'

	β-subunit
	<u><i>CACNB1</i></u> β_1
	<u><i>CACNB2</i></u> β_2
	<u><i>CACNB3</i></u> β_3
	<u><i>CACNB4</i></u> β_4

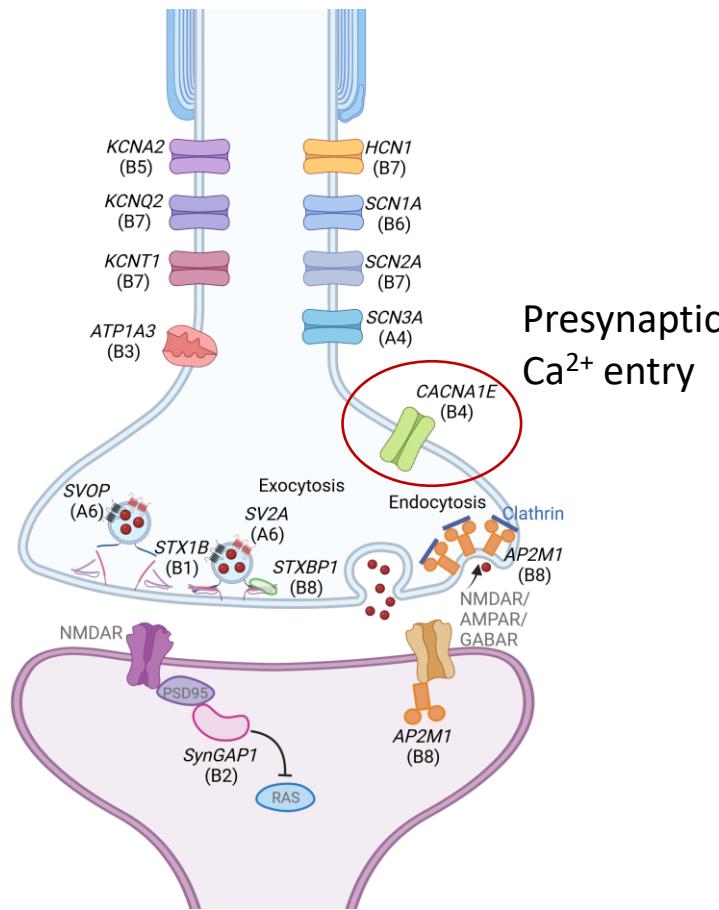


	γ-subunit
	<u><i>CACNG1</i></u> γ_1
	<u><i>CACNG2</i></u> γ_2
	<u><i>CACNG3</i></u> γ_3
	<u><i>CACNG4</i></u> γ_4
	<u><i>CACNG5</i></u> γ_5
	<u><i>CACNG6</i></u> γ_6
	<u><i>CACNG7</i></u> γ_7
	<u><i>CACNG8</i></u> γ_8

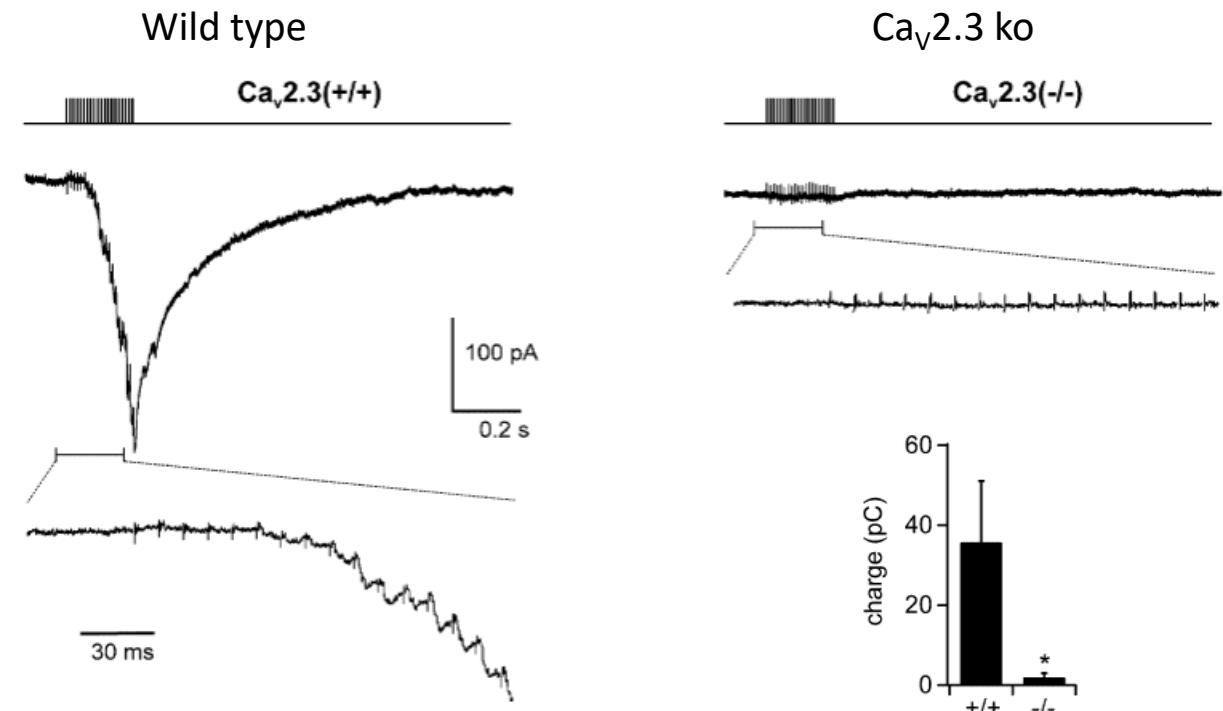
Gene	Protein	Phenotype
<i>CACNA1C</i>	$\text{Ca}_v1.2$	GOF: Timothy syndrome (OMIM# 601005) GOF & LOF: Neurodevelopmental disorder with hypotonia, language delay, and skeletal defects with or without seizures (OMIM# 620029)
<i>CACNA1D</i>	$\text{Ca}_v1.3$	GOF: Primary aldosteronism, seizures, and neurologic abnormalities (OMIM# 615474) LOF: Sinoatrial node dysfunction and deafness(OMIM#614896)
<i>CACNA1A</i>	$\text{Ca}_v2.1$	GOF: Migraine, familial hemiplegic, 1 (OMIM# 141500), Alternating hemiplegia of childhood, DEE42 (OMIM #617106) LOF: Episodic ataxia Type 2 (OMIM# 108500), DEE42 with absence seizures (OMIM #617106) CAG-Expansion: Spinocerebellar atrophy type 6 (OMIM #183086)
<i>CACNA1B</i>	$\text{Ca}_v2.2$	Bi-allelic LOF: Neurodevelopmental disorder with seizures and nonepileptic hyperkinetic movements (OMIM# 618497)
<i>CACNA1E</i>	$\text{Ca}_v2.3$	GOF: DEE 69 (OMIM#618285), Developmental delay and regression without epilepsy (Royer-Bertrand et al. 2021) LOF: DEE 69 (OMIM#618285)
<i>CACNA1G</i>	$\text{Ca}_v3.1$	GOF & mixed: Epilepsy, developmental delay, cerebellar atrophy LOF & Mixed: SCA42 (OMIM# 616795 /618087)
<i>CACNA1I</i>	$\text{Ca}_v3.3$	GOF: Neurodevelopmental disorder with speech impairment and with or without seizures (OMIM #620114) Mixed effects: Familial hemiplegic migraine LOF: Schizophrenia
<i>CACNA2D1</i>	$\alpha_2\delta_1$	Bi-allelic LOF/ Monoallelic LOF (debated): Developmental and epileptic encephalopathy 110 (OMIM#620149)
<i>CACNA2D2</i>	$\alpha_2\delta_2$	Bi-allelic LOF: Cerebellar atrophy with seizures and variable developmental delay (OMIM# 618501)

Function of R-type $\text{Ca}_v2.3$ channels (encoded by *CACNA1E*)

Important genes involved
in different types of DEE



Suppression of postsynaptic currents only upon tetanic stimulation
(upon block of P/Q- and N-type Ca^{2+} channels) in $\text{Ca}_v2.3$ ko mice



Dietrich et al., Neuron 2003

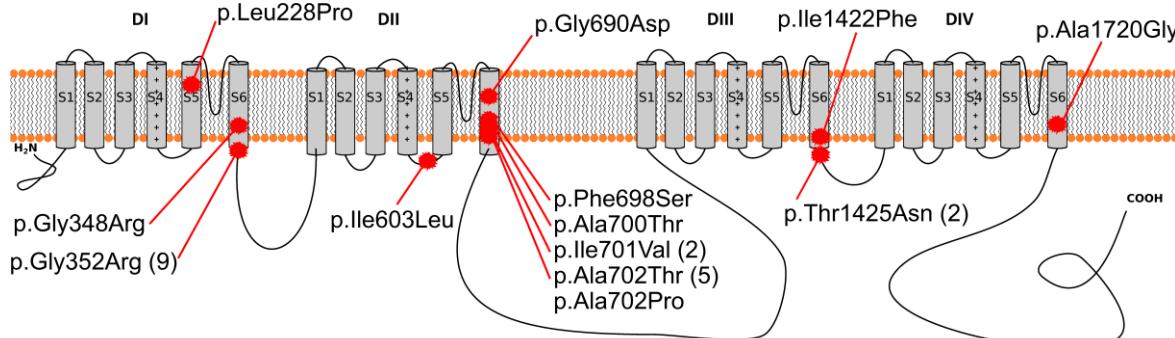
CACNA1E-related DEE

ARTICLE

De Novo Pathogenic Variants in CACNA1E Cause Developmental and Epileptic Encephalopathy with Contractures, Macrocephaly, and Dyskinesias

Helbig KL, Lauerer RJ, Bahr JC, Souza IA, Myers CT, Uysal B, Schwarz N, ...; Deciphering Developmental Disorders Study; Hedrich UBS, Scheffer IE, Helbig I, Zamponi GW, Lerche H, Mefford HC.

Am J Hum Genet 2018



Mutational hotspots in S6 segments of $\text{Ca}_V2.3$ channels

30 patients, age 10 months – 25 years
14 *de novo* missense variants

- Intellectual disability (30/30)
- Developmental regression (9/30)
- Mostly pharmacoresistant epilepsy (26/30)
- Spasms, focal tonic seizures, focal impaired awareness seizures, GTCS
- Hyperkinetic movement disorder / Dystonia (18/30)
- Postpartal Hypotonia (30/30)
- Congenital contractures (13/30)
- Spastic tetraplegia (16/30)
- Early death (7/30)

3 patients with truncating variants

- Intellectual disability (3/3)
- Epilepsy (2/3)
- Hyperkinetic movement disorder (1/3)

CACNA1E-related D(E)E: Broadening the phenotype

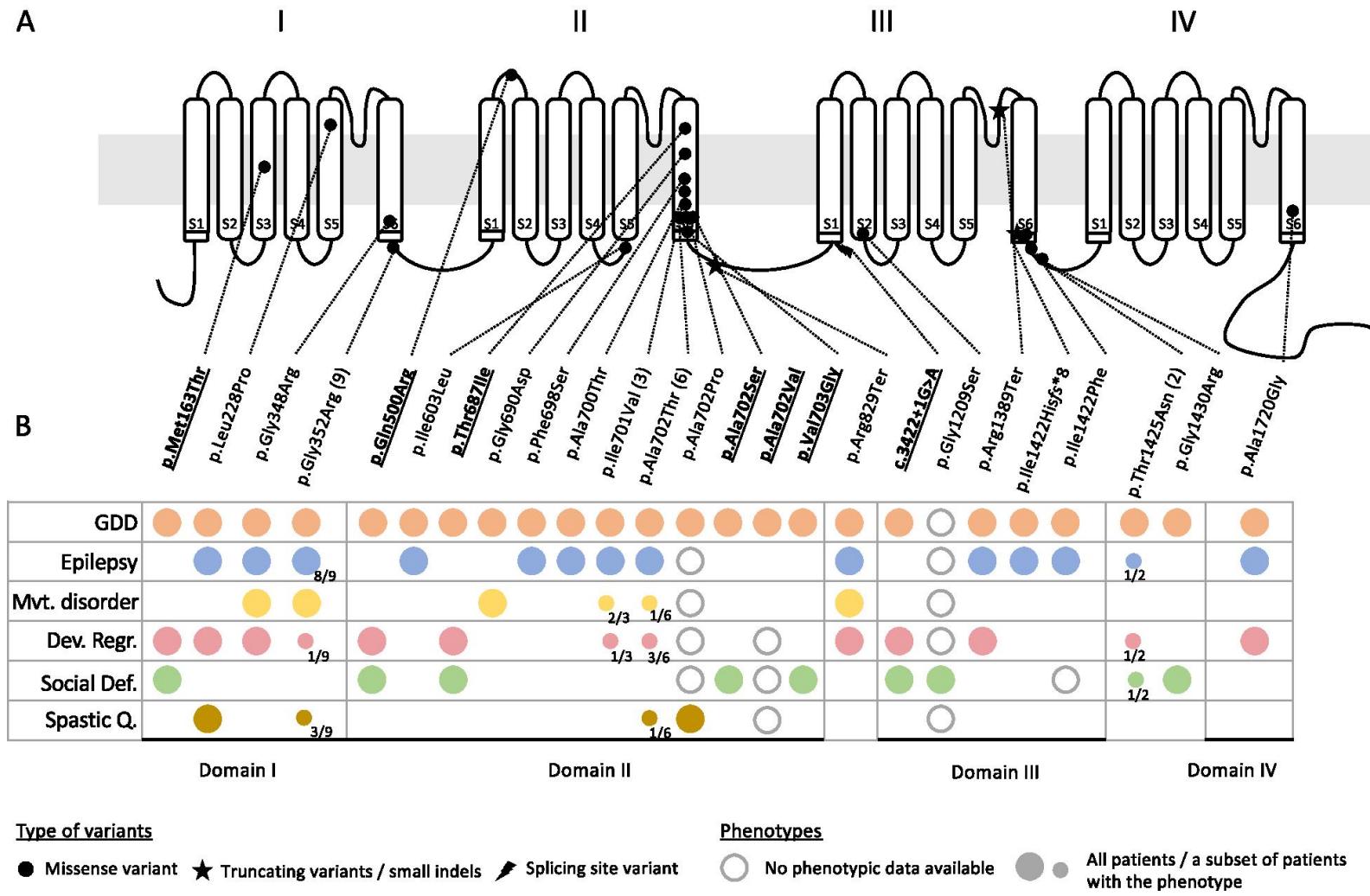
Royer-Bertrand et al. Molecular Autism (2021) 12:69
https://doi.org/10.1186/s13229-021-00473-3

Molecular Autism Open Access

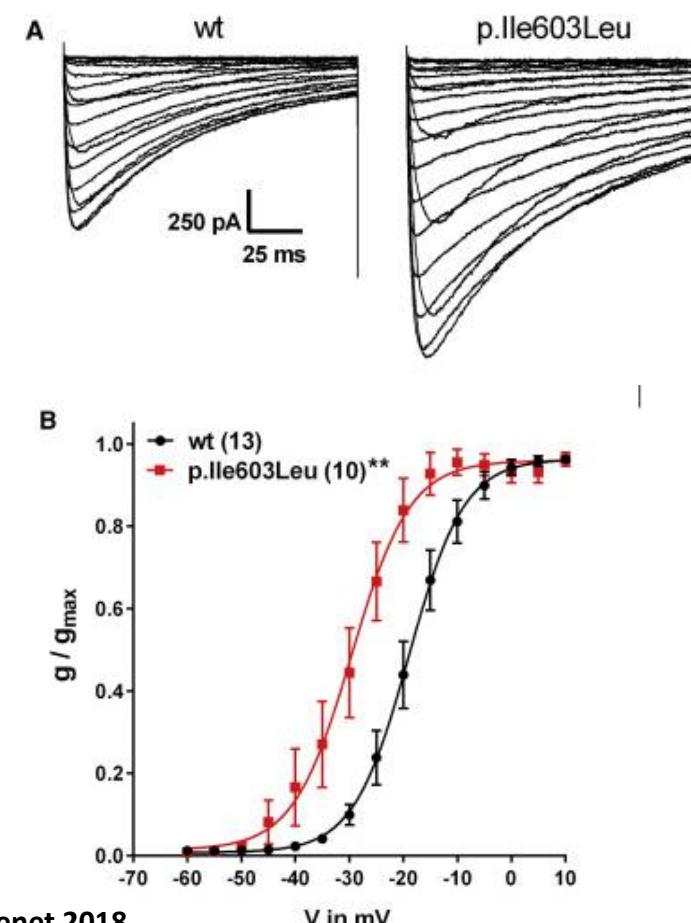
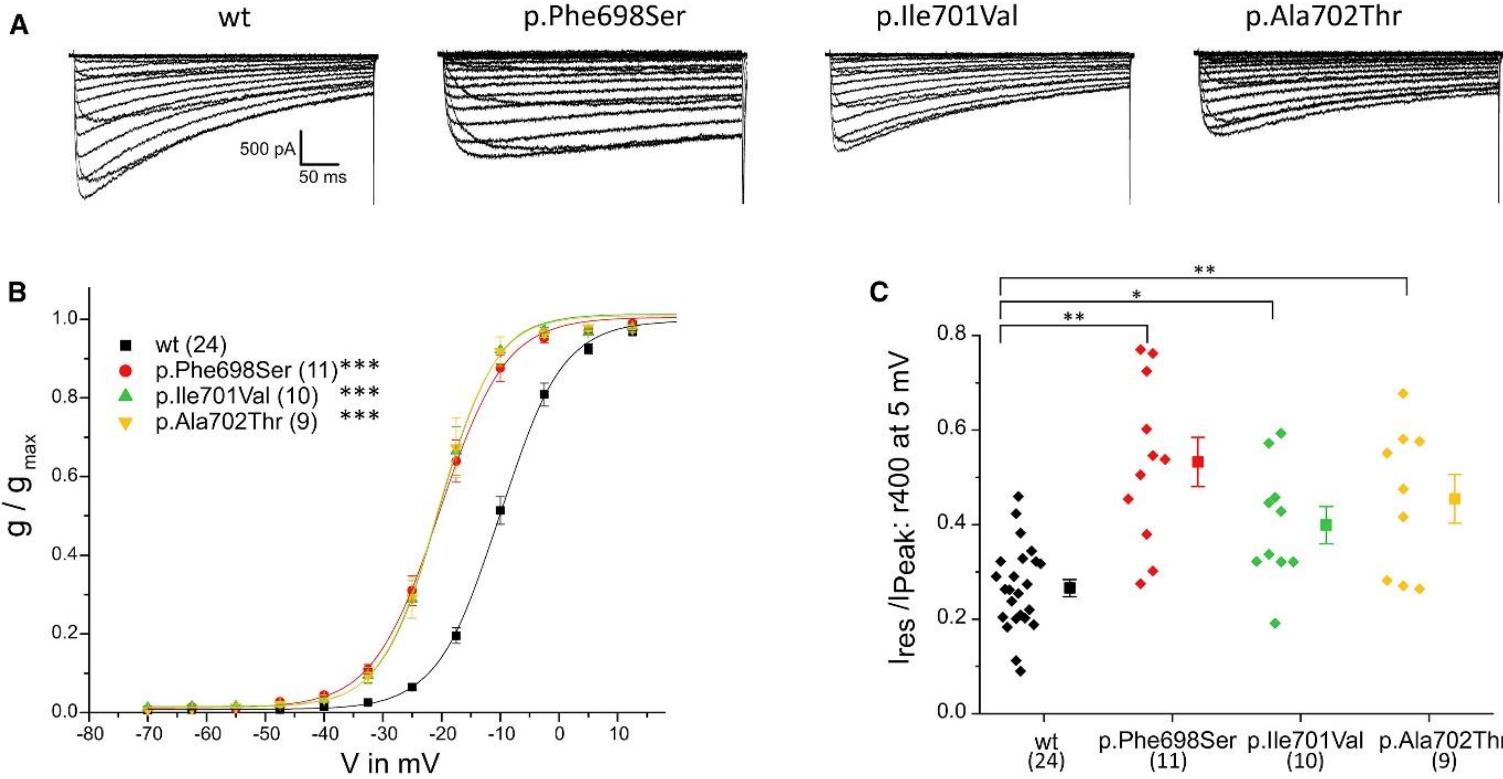
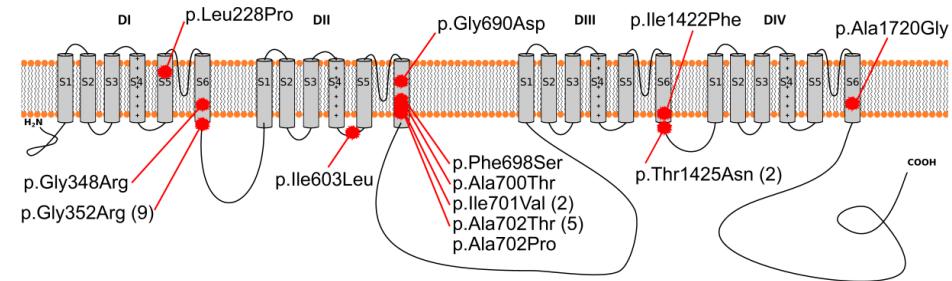
RESEARCH De novo variants in CACNA1E found in patients with intellectual disability, developmental regression and social cognition deficit but no seizures

Beryl Royer-Bertrand^{1*}, Marine Jequier Gygax^{2†}, Katarina Cisarova^{1†}, Jill A. Rosenfeld³, Jennifer A. Bassetti⁴, Oana Moldovan⁵, Emily O'Heir⁶, Lindsay C. Burrage³, Jake Allen⁷, Lisa T. Emrick^{3,8,9}, Emma Eastman¹⁰, Camille Kumps¹, Safdar Abbas¹¹, Geraldine Van Winckel¹, Undiagnosed Diseases Network, Nadia Chabane², Elaine H. Zackai^{12,13}, Sébastien Lebon¹⁴, Beth Keena¹², Elizabeth J. Bhoj^{13,15}, Muhammad Umair^{16,17}, Dong Li¹⁵, Kirsten A. Donald^{18,19} and Andrea Superti-Furga¹

GeneMatcher screen for CACNA1E variants with neurodevelopmental phenotypes without epilepsy:
7 unrelated patients



CACNA1E-related DEE: Gain of function of $\text{Ca}_v2.3$



Natural History Study ‘DECADE’: Deciphering *CACNA1E*-related DEE

- Longitudinal natural history study
- Online eCRF (RedCAP) filled by caregiver and physician
- Yearly intervals ~15-30 min
- Optional yearly video assessments
- Main objective: To assess the **natural course of disease** in *CACNA1E*-related DEE
- Secondary objectives:
 - Genotype-phenotype correlations ?
 - Phenotypic subgroups ?
 - Treatment options ?
 - To build a knowledge base for future pharmacological trials



DECADE: Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria

Inclusion criteria

- Pathogenic or likely pathogenic mutation in *CACNA1E* according to ACMG criteria and neurodevelopmental disorder with
 - epilepsy
 - or
 - developmental delay
 - or
 - developmental regression
 - or
 - extrapyramidal movement disorder

Exclusion criteria

- Coexistent likely pathogenic mutation in a different gene associated with neurologic and/or developmental symptoms and/or epilepsy
- Acquired brain tissue damage (tumor, stroke, meningitis ...)
- Adequate clinical information / medical records cannot be obtained



DECADE: Data to be included

1. Genetic diagnosis
2. Clinical syndrome diagnosis
3. First occurrence of *CACNA1E DEE* symptoms
4. General data
 - Sex, age, weight, height, head circumference
5. Gestational history
6. Timepoint of death
7. Neuroimaging

Possible endpoints for treatment study

8. Epilepsy
 - Seizure types
 - Seizure frequency in 28 days
 - Used ASMs, side effects
9. Motor development including movement disorder
10. GMFCS
11. Video assessment of motor development
12. Speech and cognitive development
13. Social development
14. Global caregiver& physician impression of change



How far are we?

- ✓ Study design
- ✓ RedCAP form ready
- ✓ First approval by ethics committee
- ✓ Application for 2nd ethical approval



decade@med.uni-tuebingen.de

Instrument name	Fields	View PDF	Instrument actions
Pseudonym	2		Choose action ▾
Genetic diagnosis	8		Choose action ▾
Clinical diagnosis	5		Choose action ▾
General	8		Choose action ▾
Special events	5		Choose action ▾
Death	4		Choose action ▾
General retrospective	15		Choose action ▾
Motor skills lower extremities retrospective	58		Choose action ▾
Current motor skills lower extremities	3		Choose action ▾
GMFCS	7		Choose action ▾
Motor skills upper extremities retrospective	18		Choose action ▾
Current motor skills upper extremities	2		Choose action ▾
Movement disorder	41		Choose action ▾
Comorbidities	26		Choose action ▾
Nonmotor development	25		Choose action ▾
Social	5		Choose action ▾
Epilepsy	166		Choose action ▾
EEG	25		Choose action ▾
Neuroimaging	39		Choose action ▾
Treatment	980		Choose action ▾
Non-drug treatment	63		Choose action ▾
Current treatment	52		Choose action ▾
CGI-S clinician	1		Choose action ▾
CGI-I clinician	4		Choose action ▾
CGI-S caregiver	1		Choose action ▾
CGI-I caregiver	4		Choose action ▾
Video Upload	1		Choose action ▾
Free Questions	3		Choose action ▾

Thanks to

Neurology/Epileptology Tübingen

Jacqueline Bahr

Patrizia Cseh

Ulrike Hedrich

Robert Lauerer-Braun

Stephan Luxmann

Yuanyuan Liu

Peter Müller

Animal Core Facility Tübingen

Thomas Ott

Neuropediatrics Tübingen

Michael Alber

CHOP, Philadelphia

Katherine Helbig

Ingo Helbig

St Jude, Memphis

Heather Mefford

Calgary

Ivana Souza

Gerald Zamponi

Other *CACNA1E* collaborators

all patients; DFG, BMBF, Hertie Foundation, Lario Tx, *CACNA1E* international

LARIO – ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Lario Team

Henning Steinhagen, PhD, MBA – CEO

Prof. Tom Otis, PhD – CSO

Paolo Pevarello, PhD – Head of Chemistry

Daniel Gill, MsC – Head of Project Management

Prof. Heidrun Potschka, PhD – Head of Epilepsy Pharmacology

Tim Schulz-Utermoehl, PhD – Head of DMPK

Tim Hammond, PhD – Head of Safety

Academic Collaborator Labs

Prof. Holger Lerche, MD – Univ. Tübingen, Germany

Prof. Birgit Liss, PhD – Univ. Ulm, Germany

Dr. Sila Ultanir, PhD – Francis Crick Institute, London

Prof. Terry O'Brien, MD, PhD – Monash Univ., Australia

Prof. Jörg Striessnig, PhD – Univ. Graz, Austria

Seed funding from



Support & Encouragement
from





Ich erziehe
seiner
wir
ihnen
sie
mich
du
unser

Thank you for your attention!